

March 08, 2022

To,
The Board of Directors
Shalimar Paints Limited
Stainless Centre, 4th floor
Plot no.- 50, Sector 32, Gurugram, 122001

Subject: Report on Fair Value and Floor Price for Preferential Allotment calculated in accordance with Regulation 164(1), 166A and other applicable provisions of the Securities Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirement) Regulation, 2018 and amended from time to time

Dear Members,

We refer to the engagement letter dated March 07, 2022 with Sundae Capital Advisors Private Limited (referred to as “Sundae” or “We”), wherein we have been requested by **Shalimar Paints Limited** (“Shalimar” / “Company”) to provide a report on the calculation of fair value and floor price value for proposed preferential allotment of convertible warrants calculated in accordance with Regulation 164(1), 166 and other applicable provisions of the Securities Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirement) Regulation, 2018 (“SEBI ICDR Regulations”).

INTRODUCTION: SUNDAE CAPITAL ADVISORS PRIVATE LIMITED

Sundae Capital Advisors Private Limited is registered with SEBI as Category I Merchant Banker “Merchant Banker” and with IBBI as Registered Valuer (Securities or Financial Assets) “Registered Valuer”. We are engaged in providing Merchant Banking, Valuation, Corporate Advisory and Transaction services and Stock Incentive Plan Advisory services to our clients.

SCOPE AND PURPOSE OF THIS REPORT

We have been appointed in the capacity of Registered Valuer to calculate the fair value and floor price of equity shares of Shalimar in accordance with Regulation 164(1), 166A and other applicable provisions of the SEBI ICDR Regulations for the proposed issuance of Share Warrants.

We believe that our analysis must be considered as a whole. Selecting portions of our analysis or the factors we considered, without considering all factors and analysis together could create a misleading view of the process underlying the valuation conclusions.

BACKGROUND OF THE COMPANY

Shalimar Paints Limited (“Shalimar” or “the Company”) is engaged in the business of manufacturing, selling and distribution of paints, coatings and providing related services. It has pan-India presence through its marketing offices in all major states in India.

The Corporate Identification Number (“CIN”) of the Company is L24222HR1902PLC065611 and its registered office address is Stainless Centre, 4th floor, Plot no.- 50, Sector 32, Gurugram, 122001, Haryana. The equity shares of Shalimar are listed on the National Stock Exchange of India Limited (“NSE”) and the BSE Limited (“BSE”).

The Company has manufacturing facilities located at Howrah, Nasik, Sikandrabad & Chennai (Gummidipundi) for products i.e. Paints that includes Emulsion, Distemper and Primer.

The Board of Directors of the Company are as follows:

Name of the Director	Designation
Mr. Rajeev Uberoi	Non-Executive - Independent Director-Chairperson
Mr. Ashok Kumar Gupta	Executive Director-MD
Mr. Alok Perti	Non-Executive - Independent Director
Mr. Ashok Kumar Agarwal	Non-Executive - Independent Director
Mr. Mohit Donter	Chief Financial Officer
Ms. Shruti Srivastava	Non-Executive - Independent Director
Mr. Vijay Kumar Sharma	Non-Executive - Independent Director
Mr. Souvik Pulakesh Sengupta	Non Executive Non Independent Director
Ms. Shikha Rastogi	Company Secretary & Compliance Officer

The shareholding pattern of the Company as on February 24, 2022 is as follows:

Particulars	Outstanding Equity Share		On fully diluted basis	
	No. of shares	%	No. of shares	%
Promoter and Promoter group	2,88,30,828	39.92	2,88,30,828	38.30
Public	4,33,86,098	60.08	4,64,41,654	61.70
Total	7,22,16,926	100.00	7,52,72,482	100.00

BASIS & PREMISE OF VALUE

This Valuation is based on “Fair Value” as at the Valuation Date and the Premise of Value is “Going concern”.

The basis of value describes the type of value being measured and considers the perspectives of the parties to the assumed transaction.

The premise of value is driven by the purpose of the valuation and basis of value used, and generally falls into the following categories:

- A going concern premise is the most common premise of value; it presumes the continued use of the assets, and that the company would continue to operate as a business.
- An orderly or forced liquidation premise incorporates an in-exchange assumption (i.e., the assets are operated or sold individually or as a group, not as part of the existing business).

The generally accepted definition of “Fair Value” or “Market Value” is the value as applied between a hypothetical willing vendor and a hypothetical willing prudent buyer in an open market and with access to all relevant information.

DISCLOSURE AND VALUER INTEREST / CONFLICT

We do not have any interest or conflict of interest of any kind with the Company, with respect to the valuation being undertaken by us, except the shareholding of our Company / the Director signing this report in the Client as under:

Name	No. of shares held
Sundae Capital Advisors Private Limited	N/A
NitiN Somani	N/A

Our fee for this assignment is based on the engagement with the Client and not contingent upon the result or the value of business or in any other manner.

DATE OF APPOINTMENT, VALUATION AND REPORT

Date of Appointment	March 07, 2022
Date of Valuation	February 28, 2022
Date of Report	March 08, 2022

SOURCE OF INFORMATION AND REPRESENTATIONS

For the purpose of deriving the fair value of Shares of the Company, we have relied on the discussions with the Management of the Company and the following information and documents made available to us:

- Details of Transaction;
- Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company;
- Historical market price data as available on stock exchanges;
- Latest shareholding pattern as on February 24, 2022;
- Management representation letter;
- Other sources of information - Data available at public domain;
- Oral information for various clarifications provided by the promoters and key managerial personnel.

INSPECTIONS AND /OR INVESTIGATIONS UNDERTAKEN INCLUDES

- Analysis of the Company's historical operating results;
- Review of general financial market conditions, including those for its industry;
- Review of its website;
- Such other information we considered relevant to forming our opinion.

The investigation also included discussions with the Company's management concerning the history and nature of the business, its financial condition, and its future prospects. In the course of the study, we used financial and other information provided by the Company, or obtained from private and public sources we believe to be reliable. Our conclusions are dependent on such information being complete and accurate in all material respects. However, we have not examined such information and, accordingly, do not express an opinion or any other form of assurance thereon.

PROCEDURE ADOPTED IN CARRYING OUT THE VALUATION AND VALUATION STANDARDS

We performed the following procedures and relied upon International Valuation standards and ICAI Valuation Standards to arrive at the value of the Company

- Identified the nature of the business and reviewed the history of the Company.
- Researched the general economic outlook and the outlook for the specific industry at the date of the valuation.
- Collected the Company's relevant financial statements.
- Compared the Company's financial ratios and common-size financial statements to industry guideline data to identify any significant variances.

VALUATION APPROACHES

There are three main valuation approaches. They are all based on the economic principles of price equilibrium, anticipation of benefits or substitution. The goal in selecting valuation approaches and methods for an asset is to find the most appropriate method under the particular circumstances. No one method is suitable in every possible situation. The main valuation approaches are:

1. Market Approach:

The market approach provides an indication of value by comparing the asset with identical or comparable (that is similar) assets for which price information is available. The Market approach should be applied and afforded significant weight under the following circumstances:

- a) The subject asset has recently been sold in a transaction appropriate for consideration under the basis of value,
- b) The subject asset or substantially similar assets are actively publicly traded, and/or
- c) There are frequent and/or recent observable transactions in substantially similar assets.

There are some of the limitations to the market approach which are as follows:

- It is difficult to identify transactions or companies that are comparable. There is usually a lack of a sufficient number of comparable companies or transactions.
- It is less flexible compared to other methods.
- The method raises question on how much data is available and how good the data is.

There are three methods under which valuation can be done in Market Approach which are as follows:

a) Market Price Method:

The market price of an equity shares as quoted on a stock exchange is normally considered as the value of the equity share of the company with appropriate adjustments where such quotations are arising from the shares being regularly and freely traded in, subject to the element of speculative support that may be inbuilt in the value of the share. But there could be situation where value of the share as quoted on the market would not be regarded as proper index of fair value of share, especially where market values are fluctuating in the volatile capital market.

b) Comparable Companies Quoted Multiple ('CCM') Method:

Under this method, value of equity shares of the Company is arrived at by using multiple derived from valuation of comparable companies, as manifest through stock market valuation of listed Companies. This valuation is based on the principle that market valuations, taking place between informed buyers and informed sellers, incorporate all factors relevant to valuation. Relevant multiple need to be chosen carefully and adjusted for differences between the circumstances.

c) Comparable Companies Transaction Multiple ('CTM') Method:

Under this method, value of equity shares of the Company is arrived at by using multiple derived from valuation of comparable companies, as manifest through transaction valuations. Relevant multiple need to be chosen carefully and adjusted for differences between the circumstances.

The equity shares of the Company are listed on the National Stock Exchange of India Limited and the BSE Limited and there is regular transaction in the equity shares with reasonable volumes. The pricing regulations stated is considered for arriving the price as per market price method. The volume of equity shares traded of Shalimar are frequently traded on NSE & BSE in terms of Regulation 164(5) of ICDR Regulations, with maximum volume recorded on NSE.

A quoted price in an active market provides the most reliable evidence of fair value and shall be considered without adjustment to measure fair value whenever available. Therefore, we have considered the share prices quoted on NSE for determining the floor price of the Company.

2. Income Approach:

The income approach provides an indication of value by converting future cash flow to single current value. Under the income approach, the value of an asset is determined by reference to the value of income, cash flow or cost savings generated by the asset. The income approach should be applied and afforded significant weight under the following circumstances:

- The income-producing ability of the asset is the critical element affecting value from a participant perspective, and/or
- Reasonable projections of the amount and timing of future income are available to the subject asset, but there are few, if any, relevant market comparable.

A fundamental basis for the income approach is that investor expects to receive a return on their investments and that such a return should reflect the perceived level of risk in the investment.

One of the advantages that the Income Approach has over the other two approaches is that it is more flexible in addressing firms or assets that are in different stages of their life-cycle. This is because this approach factors in varying operating conditions over the projected period. The Income Approach is also able to cater to the differing investment or ownership needs of the buyer and seller, by measuring risks through its discount or capitalization rate, or by including cost synergies in its projections.

In the current case, the Management of the Company has not provided the future projections as the same is price sensitive, hence we have not used Income approach for valuation of equity shares. Please refer to the valuation analysis for more information.

3. Cost Approach / Asset Approach:

This approach provides an indication of value using the economic principle that a buyer will pay no more for an asset than the cost to obtain an asset of equal utility, whether by purchase or by construction, unless undue time, inconvenience, risk or other factors are involved. The approach provides an indication of value by calculating the current replacement or reproduction cost of an asset and making deductions for physical deterioration and all other relevant forms of obsolescence. The cost approach should be applied and afforded significant weight under the following circumstances:

- Partners would be able to recreate an asset with substantially the same utility as the subject asset, without regulatory or legal restrictions, and the asset could be recreated quickly enough that a participant would not willing to pay a significant premium for the ability to use the subject asset immediately.
- The asset is not directly income generating and the unique nature of the asset makes using an income approach or market approach unfeasible and/ or
- The basis of value being used is fundamentally based on replacement cost, such as replacement value.

Asset Value Method or Book Value Method largely provides the liquidation value and is used in asset intensive industry. It does not consider the present market expectations of the fair value of the Company, and therefore we have not considered this approach for arriving at the equity value of the Company. However please refer to the valuation analysis for more information.

VALUATION APPROACHES AS PER SEBI ICDR REGULATIONS

As stated in the previous section, we have to determine the floor price of equity shares of the Company, as per the relevant provisions of SEBI ICDR Regulations are applicable, which are as follows:

- (i) As per Regulation 164 (1) - for frequently traded security, the floor price of the equity shares to be allotted pursuant to preferential issue shall be higher of 90 / 10 trading days' volume weighted average price (VWAP) of the scrip preceding the relevant date.
- (ii) As per first proviso to Regulation 164 (1) - Provided that if the Articles of Association of the issuer provide for a method of determination which results in a floor price higher than that determined under these regulations, then the same shall be considered as the floor price for equity shares to be allotted pursuant to the preferential issue.
- (iii) As per Regulation 164(5) - frequently traded shares" means the shares of the issuer, in which the traded turnover on any recognized stock exchange during the 240 trading days preceding the relevant date, is at least ten per cent of the total number of shares of such class of shares of the issuer.
- (iv) As per Regulation 161- the 'relevant date' in case of preferential issue of equity shares means the date thirty days prior to the date on which the meeting of shareholders is held to consider the proposed preferential issue.
- (v) As per Regulation 166A - Any preferential issue, which may result in a change in control or allotment of more than five per cent. of the post issue fully diluted share capital of the issuer, to an allottee or to allottees acting in concert, shall require a valuation report from an independent registered valuer and consider the same for determining the price. Provided that

the floor price, in such cases, shall be higher of the floor price determined under sub-regulation (1), (2) or (4) of regulation 164, as the case may be, or the price determined under the valuation report from the independent registered valuer or the price determined in accordance with the provisions of the Articles of Association of the issuer, if applicable.

SELECTION OF APPROACH AND VALUATION METHOD

Asset Approach

This approach is majorly used in asset intensive industry. Since the true worth of the company shall be captured in future earning potential therefore, **we have not considered this approach for arriving at the equity value of the Company.**

Income Approach:

Valuation methods following the income approach estimate the price an asset could be sold for in an arm's length transaction on the basis of the asset's expected future income stream. This involves estimating the present value of future economic benefits attributable to the owner of an asset and incorporating as much observable market data into the valuation as possible. In practice, income approach-based methods are the most commonly applied for the fair value measurement of intangible assets acquired in a business combination. In the current case, **Discounted Cash Flow Method under the Income Approach has not been considered as the management has not provided us the information related to future financial projections being price sensitive.**

Market Approach:

The market approach provides an indication of the fair value by comparing the asset under review to similar assets that were bought and sold in recent market transactions. A fair value estimate is generally derived from the transaction price for an asset or a number of similar assets for which observable market data is available.

As the equity shares of the Company are listed on the National Stock Exchange of India Limited and the BSE Limited and there is regular transaction in the equity shares with reasonable volumes. The pricing regulations stated is considered for arriving the price as per market price method.

The volume of equity shares traded of Shalimar are frequently traded on NSE & BSE in terms of Regulation 164(5) of ICDR Regulations, with maximum volume recorded on NSE. Therefore, we have considered the share prices quoted on NSE for determining the floor price of the Company.

Therefore, we have considered the share prices quoted on NSE for determining the floor price of the Company. The calculation for the same is enclosed as Annexure to this report

Particulars	Value per share	Annexure
90 Trading days average of daily VWAP	114.75	B
10 Trading days average of daily VWAP	130.22	C
Higher of the above	130.22	

The Management has informed us that there is no valuation methodology / formula prescribed in Articles of Association and also provided a copy of the same.

CONCLUSION

Based on the above the floor price of the equity shares of Shalimar Paints Limited, in accordance with Regulation 164(1) and 166A of the SEBI ICDR Regulations is Rs. 130.22 (Rupees One Hundred and Thirty and Twenty Two Paise only).

We have no obligation to update this report or our conclusion of value for information that comes to our attention after the date of report.

*for Sundae Capital Advisors Private Limited
(IBBI Regn. No IBBI/RV-E/03/2021/136)*

*NitiN Somani
Director
Registered Valuer (S&FA)
Reg. No. IBBI/RV/03/2020/13127*

CAVEATS, LIMITATIONS AND DISCLAIMERS

- i. Restriction on use of Valuation Report**

This document has been prepared for the purposes stated herein and should not be relied upon for any other purpose. Our client is the only authorized user of this report and is restricted for the purpose indicated in the engagement letter. This restriction does not preclude the client from providing a copy of the report to third-party advisors whose review would be consistent with the intended use. We do not take any responsibility for the unauthorized use of this report. Our report is meant for the purpose mentioned above and should not be used for any purpose other than the purpose mentioned therein. The Report should not be copied or reproduced without obtaining our prior written approval for any purpose other than the purpose for which it is prepared. However, the Company may use this report for filing with the stock exchanges, SEBI and any other regulatory authority. Further, the Company is also allowed to (a) share this report with the shareholders as part of inspection, (b) upload the report on its website, and (c) place it before the shareholders during the general meeting of its shareholders.
- ii. Responsibility of Registered Valuer**

We owe responsibility to only to the authority/client that has appointed us under the terms of the engagement letters. We will not be liable for any losses, claims, damages or liabilities arising out of the actions taken, omissions or advice given by any other person. In no event we shall be liable for any loss, damages, cost or expenses arising in any way from fraudulent acts, misrepresentations or wilful default on part of the client or companies, their directors, employees or agents.
- iii. Accuracy of Information**

While the work has involved an analysis of financial information and accounting records, our engagement does not include an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards of the clients existing business records. Accordingly, we express no audit opinion or any other form of assurance on this information and we assume no responsibility and make no representations with respect to the accuracy or completeness of any information provided by and on behalf of the client company(s). Provision of valuation opinions and consideration of the issues described herein are areas of our regular practice. The services do not represent accounting, assurance. Accounting / tax due diligence, consulting or tax related services that may otherwise be provided by us. Our report is subject to the scope and limitations detailed in the Valuation Report. As such the report is to be read in totality, and not in parts, in conjunction with the relevant documents referred to herein and in the context of the purpose for which it is made.
- iv. Achievability of the forecast results**

We do not provide assurance on the achievability of the results forecast by the management/owners as events and circumstances do not occur as expected; differences between actual and expected results may be material. We express no opinion as to how closely the actual results will correspond to those projected/forecast as the achievement of the forecast results is dependent on actions, plans and assumptions of management.
- v. Post Valuation Date Events**

The user to which this valuation is addressed should read the basis upon which the valuation has been done and be aware of the potential for later variations in value due to factors that are

unforeseen at the valuation date. Due to possible changes in market forces and circumstances, this valuation report can only be regarded as relevant as at the valuation date.

vi. Value Estimate

The valuation of companies and assets is made based on the available facts and circumstances and the conclusions arrived at in many cases will be subjective and dependent on the exercise of individual judgment. The valuation of Company and business is not a precise science and the conclusions arrived at in many cases will be subjective and dependent on the exercise of individual judgement. Whilst, we consider the valuation to be both reasonable and defensible based on the information available, others may place a different value.

vii. No Responsibility to the Actual Price of the subject asset if sold or transferred/ exchanged

The actual market price achieved may be higher or lower than our estimate of value depending upon the circumstances of the transaction, the nature of the business, The knowledge, negotiating ability and motivation of the buyers and sellers and the applicability of a discount or premium for control will also affect actual market price achieved. Accordingly, our valuation conclusion will not necessarily be the price at which actual transaction will take place.

viii. Reliance on the representations of the owners/clients, their management and other third parties

The owner company and its management/representatives warranted to us that the information they supplied was complete, accurate and true and correct to the best of their knowledge. We have relied upon the representations of the owners company, their management and other third parties concerning the financial data and operational data. We will not be liable for any losses, claims, damages or liabilities arising out of the actions taken, omissions of or advice given by any other to the Company. In no event shall we be liable for any loss, damages, cost or expenses arising in any way from fraudulent acts, misrepresentations or wilful default on part of the Company, their directors, employees or agents.

ix. No procedure performed to corroborate information taken from reliable external sources

We have relied on data from external sources also to conclude the valuation. These sources are believed to be reliable and therefore, we assume no liability for the truth or accuracy of any data, opinions or estimates furnished by others that have been used in this analysis. Where we have relied on data, opinions or estimates from external sources, reasonable care has been taken to ensure that such data has been correctly extracted from those sources and are reproduced in its proper form and context of Valuation Report.

x. Compliance with relevant laws

The report assumes that the company complies fully with relevant laws and regulations applicable in its area of operations and usage unless otherwise stated, and that the company will be managed in a competent and responsible manner. Further, as specifically stated to the contrary, this report has given no consideration to matters of a legal nature, including issues of legal title and compliance with local laws, and litigations and other contingent liabilities that are not recorded/reflected in the financial statements provided to us.

xi. Multiple factors affecting the Valuation Report:

The valuation report is tempered by the exercise of judicious discretion, taking into account the relevant factors. There will always be several factors, e.g. management capability, present and prospective competition, yield on comparable securities, market sentiment, etc. which may not be apparent from the Financials Statements but could strongly influence the value.

xii. Future services including but not limited to Testimony or attendance in courts/ tribunals/ authorities for the opinion of value in the Valuation Report

We are fully aware that based on the opinion of value expressed in this report, we may be required to give testimony or attend court / judicial proceedings with regard to the subject assets, although it is out of scope of the assignment, unless specific arrangements to do so have been made in advance, or as otherwise required by law. In such event, the party seeking our evidence in the proceedings shall bear the cost/professional fee of attending court / judicial proceedings and our tendering evidence before such authority shall be under the applicable laws.

xiii. Provisional information as on Valuation Date

We have considered financials as on the last available financial statements as the proxy for the financial position as of the valuation date, valuation report may change post availability of such information.

xiv. Events occurring after the date

Events occurring after the date hereof may affect this Report and the assumptions in preparing it, and we do not assume any obligation to update revise or reaffirm this report.

xv. Analysis and review carried out but have not carried out a due diligence or audit

In the course of the Valuation, we were provided with both written and verbal information. We have however, evaluated the information provided to us by the Company through broad enquiry, analysis and review but have not carried out due diligence or audit of the information provided for the purpose of this engagement. The conclusions are based on the assumptions, forecasts and other information given by/on behalf of the Company.

Calculation of floor price as per prescribed under Chapter V of SEBI (ICDR) Regulations, 2018

Date of Board Meeting	March 08, 2022
Relevant Date	February 28, 2022

Stock Exchanges on which the equity shares of Shalimar are frequently traded in terms of Regulation 164(5) of the SEBI ICDR Regulations:

Details of equity shares traded on Stock Exchanges during the period from March 10, 2022 to February 25, 2022 (240 trading days preceding the relevant date)

Particulars	BSE	NSE
No. of shares traded	1,35,13,028	8,30,66,124
Shares outstanding during the aforesaid period	7,22,16,926	7,22,16,926
Traded volume (in %age)	18.71	115.02

Stock Exchange on which the highest trading volume in respect of the equity shares of Shalimar has been recorded during the preceding 90 trading days to the relevant date in terms of Explanation to Regulation 164(5) of the SEBI ICDR Regulations: **National Stock Exchange of India Limited**

Particulars	BSE	NSE
No. of shares traded	57,24,385	3,53,98,190

(Source: www.bseindia.com, www.nseindia.com)

90 Trading days average of daily Volume weighted average price

Trading Day	Date	VWAP	Volume	Value
1	25-Feb-22	123.76	681,819	8,43,83,244.30
2	24-Feb-22	121.92	187,429	2,28,51,944.70
3	23-Feb-22	131.78	118,984	1,56,80,224.55
4	22-Feb-22	131.33	121,077	1,59,01,379.00
5	21-Feb-22	136.75	271,856	3,71,75,610.45
6	18-Feb-22	137.28	151,285	2,07,68,115.55
7	17-Feb-22	134.62	153,429	2,06,55,343.95
8	16-Feb-22	135.09	456,961	6,17,30,085.25
9	15-Feb-22	123.85	158,980	1,96,90,310.80
10	14-Feb-22	125.82	385,602	4,85,16,459.85
11	11-Feb-22	135.79	107,455	1,45,91,516.20
12	10-Feb-22	140.01	188,241	2,63,55,830.75
13	09-Feb-22	138.41	203,395	2,81,51,172.50
14	08-Feb-22	135.93	128,723	1,74,97,894.10
15	07-Feb-22	138.07	217,913	3,00,86,203.55
16	04-Feb-22	138.91	196,507	2,72,96,047.15
17	03-Feb-22	140.27	188,357	2,64,20,552.80
18	02-Feb-22	139.24	159,559	2,22,17,166.95
19	01-Feb-22	136.29	208,575	2,84,27,309.55

Trading Day	Date	VWAP	Volume	Value
20	31-Jan-22	137.24	458,769	6,29,60,791.40
21	28-Jan-22	141.19	707,336	9,98,66,627.00
22	27-Jan-22	136.26	590,089	8,04,08,239.35
23	25-Jan-22	132.15	313,050	4,13,70,091.45
24	24-Jan-22	132.05	626,558	8,27,37,875.80
25	21-Jan-22	135.1	381,615	5,15,56,303.20
26	20-Jan-22	137.94	650,363	8,97,11,555.40
27	19-Jan-22	143.01	36,59,929	52,34,04,633.45
28	18-Jan-22	136.77	11,75,824	16,08,11,701.10
29	17-Jan-22	136.17	13,70,867	18,66,73,428.65
30	14-Jan-22	130.94	17,28,312	22,62,97,738.60
31	13-Jan-22	126.58	25,92,016	32,80,91,521.95
32	12-Jan-22	119.22	6,39,045	7,61,85,230.75
33	11-Jan-22	119.69	14,94,293	17,88,48,571.15
34	10-Jan-22	117.2	490,816	5,75,22,814.05
35	07-Jan-22	114.05	2,18,634	2,49,34,539.35
36	06-Jan-22	113.9	1,87,687	2,13,77,942.55
37	05-Jan-22	111.8	1,83,745	2,05,42,754.95
38	04-Jan-22	112.88	99,593	1,12,41,986.15
39	03-Jan-22	114.66	2,62,974	3,01,52,148.15
40	31-Dec-21	114.69	3,75,036	4,30,12,809.55
41	30-Dec-21	109.62	119,020	1,30,46,754.40
42	29-Dec-21	111.82	205,269	2,29,53,144.60
43	28-Dec-21	115.1	636,022	7,32,02,972.10
44	27-Dec-21	114.26	10,20,292	11,65,77,773.35
45	24-Dec-21	109.78	2,37,485	2,60,71,857.00
46	23-Dec-21	108.16	98,395	1,06,42,855.80
47	22-Dec-21	109.98	2,48,421	2,73,21,906.05
48	21-Dec-21	107.12	1,61,093	1,72,56,471.80
49	20-Dec-21	104.98	2,42,532	2,54,60,858.30
50	17-Dec-21	105.83	95,269	1,00,82,363.60
51	16-Dec-21	106.44	134,067	1,42,70,212.10
52	15-Dec-21	108.08	125,985	1,36,16,942.75
53	14-Dec-21	108.34	134,080	1,45,25,707.60
54	13-Dec-21	108.25	77,311	83,68,961.65
55	10-Dec-21	107.76	158,753	1,71,06,953.65
56	09-Dec-21	106.61	61,792	65,87,489.90
57	08-Dec-21	106.24	100,003	1,06,24,768.50
58	07-Dec-21	105.83	199,799	2,11,44,319.95
59	06-Dec-21	103.96	107,864	1,12,13,483.15
60	03-Dec-21	105.46	132,827	1,40,07,349.25
61	02-Dec-21	103.77	139,322	1,44,58,073.45
62	01-Dec-21	102.36	67,718	69,31,467.85
63	30-Nov-21	104.03	242,729	2,52,50,550.60
64	29-Nov-21	101.39	194,347	1,97,04,465.05
65	26-Nov-21	106.06	130,605	1,38,51,453.45
66	25-Nov-21	107.75	274,598	2,95,89,195.45
67	24-Nov-21	111.41	636,559	7,09,16,857.10

Trading Day	Date	VWAP	Volume	Value
68	23-Nov-21	111.16	474,889	5,27,87,909.65
69	22-Nov-21	111.17	11,84,260	13,16,49,807.75
70	18-Nov-21	107.66	520,613	5,60,48,045.50
71	17-Nov-21	110.34	15,42,830	17,02,32,469.50
72	16-Nov-21	103.56	11,50,277	11,91,27,619.25
73	15-Nov-21	97.05	199,995	1,94,09,899.25
74	12-Nov-21	96.56	68,432	66,07,791.85
75	11-Nov-21	96.27	105,561	1,01,62,023.20
76	10-Nov-21	96.48	138,998	1,34,10,993.55
77	09-Nov-21	95.53	485,111	4,63,40,280.40
78	08-Nov-21	91.18	65,298	59,54,007.55
79	04-Nov-21	90.59	29,583	26,79,945.70
80	03-Nov-21	90.8	55,382	50,28,586.00
81	02-Nov-21	91.09	58,615	53,39,116.60
82	01-Nov-21	91.12	43,934	40,03,249.50
83	29-Oct-21	91.18	35,435	32,30,819.05
84	28-Oct-21	92.14	58,335	53,74,922.30
85	27-Oct-21	94.1	235,570	2,21,67,722.05
86	26-Oct-21	91.27	44,987	41,05,801.80
87	25-Oct-21	90.16	67,057	60,45,863.45
88	22-Oct-21	92.32	68,237	62,99,426.25
89	21-Oct-21	92.46	123,576	1,14,26,373.70
90	20-Oct-21	93.98	166,360	1,56,35,202.75
Total of VWAP		10,327.17		
Average		114.75		

10 Trading days average of daily Volume weighted average price

Trading Day	Date	VWAP	Volume	Value
1	25-Feb-22	123.76	681,819	8,43,83,244.30
2	24-Feb-22	121.92	187,429	2,28,51,944.70
3	23-Feb-22	131.78	118,984	1,56,80,224.55
4	22-Feb-22	131.33	121,077	1,59,01,379.00
5	21-Feb-22	136.75	271,856	3,71,75,610.45
6	18-Feb-22	137.28	151,285	2,07,68,115.55
7	17-Feb-22	134.62	153,429	2,06,55,343.95
8	16-Feb-22	135.09	456,961	6,17,30,085.25
9	15-Feb-22	123.85	158,980	1,96,90,310.80
10	14-Feb-22	125.82	385,602	4,85,16,459.85
Total of VWAP		1,302.20		
Average		130.22		